1 the ARTS

Α	Match	the	words	(1–20)	with	their	meanings	(A–T)

1		play (n)	A	writer
2		stage (n)	В	something that is written for actors to perform in
3		screen (n)	C	a translation at the bottom of the screen at the cinema, on TV, etc
4		subtitles	D	a kind of report where someone gives their opinion of a play, film, book, etc
5		review (n)	Е	bring out
6		publish	F	the raised floor that plays are performed on
7		cast (n)	G	someone who gives their opinion of a play, film, book, etc
8		author	Н	all the actors in a film/play, etc
9		critic		the big, flat surface that films are shown on
10		sculptor	J	a story that's usually at least 200 pages long
11	Ī	sculpture	K	a work of art (usually 3D) made of wood, stone, metal, etc
12		novelist	L	someone who writes long stories
13		novel	M	someone who makes works of art (usually 3D) from wood, stone, metal, etc
14		poet	Ν	a piece of writing in separate lines, often using rhythm and rhyme
15		poem	0	someone who writes poetry
16		moving	P	making you feel strong emotions, especially sadness
17	百	slow	Q	exciting
18	百	violent	R	boring
19	ā	escapist	S	including lots of scenes with fighting, death, etc
20	Ō	gripping	Т	helping you avoid or forget boring or unpleasant things
	_			

B Write one word in each gap.

3	The movie was in Arabic, but I could understand what they were saying because it had English
2	A critic writes
1	If a film or play has a huge , it has lots of actors.

C Label each book with the correct item from the list, then write F for fiction or NF for non-fiction.

biography





• detective story



• fairy tale

• sci-fi



2 CLOTHES

Δ	Match	the	words	(1-20)	with	their	meanings	(Δ – Τ)
A	iviaturi	uie	woi us	(1-20)	WILLI	ulell	IIICaliiiius	(A-1).

1		suit (n)	A	a piece of clothing for the upper part of the body, eg - a T-shirt or blouse
2		costume	В	a jacket and trousers/skirt made from the same material
3		top	C	sports shoes
4		tracksuit	D	a set of clothes that you wear when you want to look like someone/something else
5		hoody	Е	a thick cotton jacket with a part that you can pull up to cover the back and top of your head
6		uniform	F	a jacket made from soft, warm material that feels like sheep's wool
7		fleece	G	a loose top and matching trousers that you wear for exercising, etc
8		trainers	Н	a special set of clothes worn by members of a particular group, or by students at a particular school
9		suit (v)	ı	have the same colour/style as another thing
10	百	fit (v)	J	look good on you, and make you look good
11	靣	match (v)	K	put clothes on to see if they look good and are the right size for you
12		try on	L	be the right size
13		baggy	M	well-dressed in fashionable/formal clothes
14		tight	Ν	looking dirty and untidy
15	ā	smart	0	big and loose
16	Ō	scruffy	P	comfortable, informal
17		casual	Q	fitting very/too closely to part of the body
18		leggings	R	what men/boys wear to go swimming
19	Ō	swimsuit	S	what women/girls wear to go swimming
20	ā	(swimming) trunks	T	very tight trousers for women, made of stretchy material

B 1 Write the opposites.

tight ≠ _ _ _ _ scruffy ≠ _ _ _ _ _

2 Write three things that you wear only on the top part of your body.

3 Label the items below.







3 CRIME

4	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).								
1		murderer	A	someone who steals from a shop					
2		burglar	В	someone who sells illegal drugs					
3		arsonist	C	someone who sets fire to a building, forest, etc intentionally					
4		smuggler	D	someone who steals from a person or a bank, etc and often uses violence					
5		robber	Е	someone who brings things into/takes things out of a country secretly and illegally					
6		shoplifter	F	someone who kills another person, intentionally					
7		kidnapper	G	someone who attacks and robs another person, usually in a public place					
8		mugger	Н	someone who breaks into a house, etc and steals things					
9		drug dealer	I	someone who takes a person and keeps them prisoner, usually to get money from their family, etc					
10		evidence	J	the person in charge in court who decides on the punishment					
11		proof	K	a group of (usually 12) citizens who listen to the evidence in court and decide whether someone is guilty or not					
12		judge	L	information used in court to try to show whether someone is guilty or not					
13		jury	M	a room/building where trials take place					
14		court	Ν	evidence that shows for sure whether something is true or not					
15		bribe (v)	0	say that someone is guilty of a crime					
16		release (v)	P	give/offer someone money, etc in order to persuade them to do what you want					
17		sentence (v)	Q	punish someone by making them pay a sum of money					
18		fine (v)	R	say in court what someone's punishment will be					
19		arrest (v)	S	set someone free					
20		accuse	T	take someone to the police station and keep them there because it's believed that they are guilty of a crime					
_									

C1)		8
3 8	5	M	3	G (0)
14	The second second	K	3	
13			J's	
				100
	\$\$ O			

B Complete the table.

CRIMINAL	VERB	CRIME
		robbery
	<u>shop</u> li <u>f</u> t	shoplifting
	smuggle	
		kidnapping
	mug	
	burgle	burglary
	murder	
	set fire to	



C What crimes are shown in the pictures?

(1)	(2)	(3)
-----	-----	-----

Theme 4 Themed Word Lists Journeys B2 Teacher's Resource Pack

4 EDUCATION

Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).							
1		nursery school/kindergarten	A	a child's first 'real' school, which he/she attends for about six years				
2		primary school	В	a school for children aged between 11 and 18, approximately				
3		secondary school	C	a place of education at the highest level				
4		college	D	a school for children under the age of 6, where they mostly play				
5		university	E	a place where you go to study (usually practical/technical subjects) when you've finished secondary school				
6		certificate	F	a document that shows that you have completed a course of study at university (or at some colleges)				
7		diploma	G	an official document (paper) which states that the information printed on it is true (eg – a marriage certificate; the qualification you get when you pass an exam)				
8		degree	Н	a document that shows that you have completed a course or part of your education				
9		syllabus	I	a list of the topics, books, etc that you study for a particular subject at school/college/university				
10		curriculum	J	the subjects that are included in a course, or taught at a school, etc				
11		undergraduate	K	someone who's got a degree				
12		postgraduate	L	someone who is studying for their first degree at college/university				
13		tutor	M	someone who has finished their first degree and is now doing research or more advanced study				
14		lecturer	Ν	someone who teaches individuals or small groups of students at university/college				
15		graduate	0	someone who gives talks on a particular subject to groups of university/college students				
16		BA	P	Master of Arts (a second university degree in languages, history, literature, etc)				
17		BSc	Q	Doctor of Philosophy (a very high-level university degree that is given to someone who has done research in a particular subject)				
18		MA	R	Bachelor of Science (a first degree in a science subject)				
19		MSc	S	Bachelor of Arts (a first degree in languages, history, literature, etc)				
20	u	PhD	T	Master of Science (a second university degree in a science subject)				
В	Writ	te diploma, degree or certi	ficat	te.				
1	A bi	rth sh	nows	when and where you were born.				
2	A hi	gh school		shows that you have completed your secondary school education.				
3	Mira	anda's dot a		in chemistry from Glasgow University				

5 the ENVIRONMENT & NATURAL DISASTERS

Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).									
	climate change	A	the amount by which a person, etc adds to the pollution caused by CO ₂ (carbon dioxide						
	exhaust fumes	В	the waste gases that come out of cars, etc						
	carbon footprint	С	changes in the Earth's weather (rainfall, wind patterns and especially temperature) caused by an increase in gases such as ${\rm CO_2}$ (carbon dioxide)						
<u> </u>	fossil fuels	D	a form of air pollution caused by a mixture of smoke, gases and chemicals						
	smog	Е	electricity produced by using energy from the sun						
	nuclear power	F	coal, oil, gas, etc						
	solar power	G	electricity produced by using energy from the wind						
	wind power	Н	electricity produced by splitting the central parts of atoms [atom = the smallest part of a simple substance that can take part in a chemical reaction]						
	tsunami	ı	a huge mass of snow and ice that falls down the side of a mountain						
	earthquake	J	an enormous wave in the sea, usually caused by an earthquake						
	flood	K	a long period when there's no rain						
	drought	L	a serious shortage of food in a country or large area						
	famine	M	a large amount of water that covers an area that is usually dry						
	avalanche	Ν	a violent storm with very strong winds, especially in the western Atlantic Ocean						
	tornado	0	a violent shaking of the ground						
	hurricane	P	a very strong wind that looks like an upside-down cone, and destroys buildings as it moves across the ground						
	GM food	Q	something (either natural or chemical) that is put into soil to help plants grow						
	organic food	R	something (usually chemical) that is used to kill pests, especially insects on plants						
	fertiliser	S	food which is produced without using artificial chemicals						
	pesticide	T	food made from living things whose genes have been changed by scientists (in order to make them produce more, or not be affected by disease)						
Coal	I, gas and oil are e	xam	gap. ples of fuels. re's not enough						
		climate change exhaust fumes carbon footprint fossil fuels smog nuclear power solar power wind power tsunami earthquake flood drought famine avalanche tornado hurricane GM food organic food fertiliser pesticide Vrite one word in each	climate change exhaust fumes carbon footprint C fossil fuels smog E nuclear power solar power Wind power H tsunami l earthquake J flood K drought famine M avalanche N tornado O hurricane P GM food Q organic food fertiliser S pesticide T Vrite one word in each coal, gas and oil are examples of the carbon should be supported by the carbon sho						

C What's this?



ΗΕΔΙ ΤΗ

U	HEACH								
Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).								
1		have surgery/an operation	A	be unable to stop taking harmful drugs, or doing/using something as a habit					
2	\Box	be allergic to	В	have your body cut open so that part of it can be removed/fixed					
3		be addicted to	C	react badly/feel sick when you eat/touch a particular food/substance					
4	<u>u</u>	get fit	D	become strong and healthy, especially by doing exercise					
5		a balanced diet	Е	a photograph that shows bones, etc inside your body					
6		symptom	F	a piece of paper on which a doctor writes the name of a medicine you should take					
7		prescription	G	a collection of things that can be used to help people who have been hurt or suddenly become ill					
8		a first-aid kit	Н	a change in your body/mind that shows you're not well					
9		an X-ray	I	the right amounts and types of food that you need for good health					
10		surgeon	J	a doctor who has special training in a particular type of medicine					
11		specialist	K	a family doctor; a doctor trained in general medicine who works in a local community, not a hospital					
12		GP (general practitioner)	L	a doctor who is trained to perform medical operations					
13		swelling (n)	M	a lot of small red spots on the skin, caused by illness, allergy, heat, etc					
14		bruise (n)	Ν	an opening or wound made by eg – a knife					
15		rash (n)	0	a blue/black area on your skin caused by an injury					
16		cut (n)	P	a place on your body that has become bigger or rounder than usual because of illness or injury					
17		faint (v)	Q	a piece of material that you tie around your neck to support a broken or injured arn					
18		feel dizzy	R	pass out, lose consciousness					
19		sling (n)	S	a hard white covering that protects a broken arm or leg					
20		cast (n)	T	feel as if things are going round and round; feel that you're not able to balance					
_									
В	Writ	te one word in each gap.							
1	If yo	u're	_ tc	computer games, you spend all your free time playing them.					
2	Му	GP said I needed to see a h	eart						
3	Tho	doctor wrote me a		for antibiotics					

C Look at the pictures and write one word in each gap.



The boy's arm is in a and it's supported by a (2) _ _ _



This is an

7 HOLIDAYS

4	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).									
1		accommodation	Α	a house/small hotel that gives you a room to sleep in and a meal the next morning						
2		youth hostel	В	a place where you can stay in a tent/caravan						
3		B&B (bed & breakfast)	C	a large vehicle (that contains beds, a table, etc) that you pull behind your car						
4		self-catering apartment	D	a cheap place for (especially young) people to stay, which usually has lots of beds in each room						
5		campsite	Е	a flat where you can cook your own meals						
6		caravan	F	a place to stay, work or live in						
7		passport	G	a book that gives information about a country, city, etc for tourists/travellers						
8		visa	Н	a small book that shows who you are and what your nationality is, and which you usually need to leave/enter a country						
9		guidebook	Ι	a stamp that is put in your passport and gives you permission to enter/stay in a foreign country						
10		resort (n)	J	the bags, suitcases, backpacks, etc that you put your clothes and things in wher you're travelling						
11		book (v)	K	someone whose job is to arrange holidays, tickets, hotels, etc for others						
12		souvenir	L	something that you buy/keep to remind you of a holiday/place/event						
13		night-life	M	arrange for a hotel room/ticket/seat to be available at a particular time						
14		travel agent	Ν	in or to a foreign country						
15		abroad	0	see the sights; visit interesting/famous places as a tourist						
16		go sightseeing	P	a place where lots of people go on holiday						
17		luggage	Q	the entertainment that's available in the evening and at night						
18		packed	R	very crowded						
19		lively	S	without much noise/activity, without many people						
20		quiet	T	full of life and activity						
В	Writ	e one word in each ga	p.							
				astic model of the Colosseum as a of his trip to Rome.						
_	Diar	ıa often travels		She loves visiting other countries.						
2										

C Label.





2___

Theme 8 Themed Word Lists Journeys B2 Teacher's Resource Pack

8	the	ME	DI	Α
---	-----	----	----	---

Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).									
1		the press	A	newspapers with small pages, short articles and lots of pictures						
2		tabloids	В	newspapers and magazines; the journalists and photographers who work for newspapers and magazines						
3		broadsheets	C	newspapers with more serious articles (sometimes called "the quality press")						
4		headlines	D	small advertisements in a newspaper, put in by people who want to buy/sell something, or find/offer a job, etc						
5		classified ads	Е	titles of newspaper articles, printed in large letters						
6		series	F	a programme that follows the lives of a group of people; the stories are often hard to believe						
7		serial	G	a programme about social/political problems or events that are happening nov						
8		episode	Н	a programme where people answer questions and get prizes						
9		soap opera	Ι	a programme where a presenter talks to famous/interesting people about their lives and jobs						
10		current affairs programme	J	a film or programme with facts about animals, history, etc						
11		quiz show	K	a story that continues from one programme to the next over a period of time						
12		documentary	L	a set of programmes that deal with the same subject, or have the same characters						
13		chat show	M	one of the programmes that make up a serial						
14		satellite dish	N	a piece of equipment made of metal rods/wires, used for receiving or sending TV signals						
15		TV aerial/antenna	0	a device for operating a TV, etc, from a distance						
16		remote control	P	a round aerial that receives TV/radio signals that are broadcast from satellites						
17		channel-hop	Q	quickly change from one TV channel to another						
18		live (adj)	R	the playing again of part of a film, etc, especially because you want to look at it more carefully						
19		repeat (n)	S	seen, heard or broadcast while it's happening						
20		replay (n)	T	a TV/radio programme that has been broadcast before						
1 2	I mis			of my favourite serial. music on Friday and Saturday nights. The band we saw last week was great						
С	Labe	el the items below.								

9 PEOPLE

Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).							
1		refugee	A	someone who doesn't work (usually because of age or illness) and gets money regularly from the government or a private company				
2		immigrant	В	someone who has come to live permanently in a country that is not their own				
3		pensioner	C	someone who has been elected to parliament, or to a position in government				
4		politician	D	someone who comes to another country for protection because of war, or for political/religious reasons				
5		single parent	Е	a mother and father and their children				
6		nuclear family	F	someone who has no brothers or sisters				
7		extended family	G	someone who raises their child/children without a husband/wife/partner				
8		an only child	Н	parents, their children, and other close relatives such as cousins, aunts, uncles and grandparents				
9		bossy	ı	too interested in things that don't concern them (especially other people's affairs)				
10		nosy	J	not generous; not liking to share things				
11		mean	K	not wanting to work or be active; doing as little as possible				
12		lazy	L	always telling other people what to do				
13		sociable	М	putting a lot of effort into studies/job, and doing it well				
14		generous	Ν	aware of other people's feelings, and able to understand them; easily upset or hurt				
15		reliable	0	enjoyable, amusing				
16		sensitive	P	very relaxed, cheerful, tolerant, happy to accept things without getting upset or worried				
17		fun	Q	always telling the truth; trustworthy; never stealing or cheating				
18		honest	R	enjoying spending time with other people				
19		hard-working	S	dependable; always doing what they promise to do				
20		easy-going	T	happy to give time or money to other people, especially without expecting anything in return				
В	Wri	te one word in ea	ch ga	ар.				
1	It's r	none of your busine	ss. D	on't be so !				
2	Don	't expect Tom to bu	y you	a present. He's very with money.				
3	It was very of you to pay for our holiday. Thanks very much.							

Theme 10 Themed Word Lists Journeys B2 Teacher's Resource Pack

10 SHOPPING

Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).									
1		department store	A	buying things through the internet						
2	ā	shopping mall	В	looking at the goods in shop windows, usually without intending to buy them						
3	Ī	online shopping	C	someone who serves customers in a shop						
4	Ī	window shopping	D	a large building that has lots of shops, restaurants, etc in it						
5		shop assistant	Е	a large shop that contains different sections, each selling different types of things						
6		receipt	F	a piece of paper that shows how much money you have to pay for something						
7		label	G	a piece of paper that shows how much money you have paid for something						
8		bill	Н	a piece of paper which is attached to something and gives you information about it						
9		change (n)	I	money that is given back to you because you have paid too much for something, or because you've decided you don't want it						
10		exchange (v)	J	the money that you get back when you pay for something with more money than the amount it costs						
11		refund (n)	K	return something that you've bought, and get something better/different instead						
12		discount (n)	L	a special price that is lower than the usual one						
13		bargain (n)	M	a reduction in the price of something						
14		offer (n)	Ν	a time when you can buy goods at a lower price than usual						
15		sale/sales (n)	0	something bought for a good price/less than the usual price						
16		by credit card	Р	a way of paying for something, using money (coins and notes)						
17		in cash	Q	available for sale in a shop						
18		in stock	R	a way of paying for something where you use a plastic card and actually pay for the goods later						
19		brand (n)	S	the name or type of a machine, car, or piece of equipment that is made by a particular company						
20		make (n)	T	a type of product (eg – toothpaste, soap, spaghetti, coffee) that is made by a particular company						
В	Writ	te one word in each	gap.							
1	It sa	ys on the		that you have to wash the dress by hand.						
2	She	buys all her clothes in	the	because they're much cheaper then.						
3	I alw	ays buy this		of shampoo because it's made from natural ingredients.						
С	Labe	el.								
				100% wood In Spain Change of the Change of t						
		100		AMOM						
		1		2 3						

11 SPORT

Α	Match	the	words	(1–20)	with	their	meanings	(A-T).

1		amateur (adj)	Α	done as a job, rather than for enjoyment
2		professional (adj)	В	done for enjoyment, rather than as a job
3		beat (v)	С	have the same score as the other player/team, etc, so nobody wins
4		win (v)	D	defeat; have a higher score than the other player/team, etc
5		draw (v)	Е	be the most successful; finish in first place; defeat everyone else by being the best
6		athletics	F	buildings, equipment, services, etc that are provided for a particular activity/purpose
7		spectators	G	people who are watching a sporting event, etc, but not actually taking part in it
8		facilities	Н	the things you need for a particular activity (eg – a ball and a racket for tennis)
9		equipment	1	sports that involve fighting or self-defence (eg - judo, karate)
10		martial arts	J	sports that are very exciting and often dangerous (eg - bungee jumping, skydiving)
11		extreme sports	K	sports such as running, jumping and throwing that people compete in
12		hold a record	L	be the person who is currently the best at something
13		break a record	M	do something better than anyone has ever done it before
14		alley	N	a raised area with ropes around it where boxing/wrestling matches take place
15		course	0	an area where a race or sport takes place (eg - golf, horse racing)
16		court	P	an area where people go to skate
17		piste	Q	an area/track of snow which is suitable for skiing on
18		pitch	R	a place where people can go (ten-pin) bowling
19		ring	S	a flat area marked with lines where people play tennis, basketball, squash, etc
20	Ī	rink	Т	an area of ground specially prepared for playing football, cricket, rugby, etc

B Write one word in each gap.

1 We _____ the other team 3-1.

2 The football players ran onto the _ _ _ _ _ just before the match started.

3 There aren't many sports _ _ _ _ _ in our neighbourhood. We've only got a basketball court and a swimming pool.

C Label the sports/activities.







Theme 12 Themed Word Lists Journeys B2 Teacher's Resource Pack

12 TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

Α	Mat	ch the words (1	-20	with their meanings (A–T).
1		invent	A	find something that already existed but wasn't known about before
2		discover	В	be the first person to make/design/create something that hadn't existed before
3		icon	С	a small mark on a computer screen that can be moved, and shows the position where you might add text, etc
4		keyboard	D	a small symbol on a computer screen that represents a file, program, etc
5		cursor	Е	the flat surface on a TV/computer on which you see pictures/information
6		screen	F	a device that you move by hand to control the cursor on a computer screen
7		mouse	G	the set of buttons that you press to operate a computer
8		upload (v)	Н	move data from a larger computer, network, etc to a smaller one
9		download (v)	Ι	move data from a smaller computer, network, etc to a larger one
10		hardware	J	the machinery and electronic parts of a computer
11		software	K	the programs, systems, etc, that are used to operate a computer
12		experiment (n)	L	a scientific test that is done in order to study what happens, or to check a theory
13	ā	research (n)	M	a careful study of a subject in order to find out more about it
14		industry	N	a room/building where scientific experiments are carried out
15		factory	0	a building/group of buildings where goods are made
16		laboratory/lab	P	all the factories or businesses that produce goods/services of a particular kind
17		technician	Q	someone who knows about a particular kind of equipment/machinery and is often employed to do practical work (eg – in a laboratory)
18		state-of-the-art	R	to do with the body, rather than the mind; to do with things that can be seen, felt, etc rather than just existing in the mind
19		natural	S	using the most modern, up-to-date technology
20		physical	T	not made by humans; normal, what you would expect
2	Don Lots	of people on this	 s isla	gapto feel nervous before an exam. nd work in the tourist , in restaurants, hotels and souvenir shops He services all our computers.
C		nplete.		2 This is my
	1 Ti	nis is my		3 She is in her

13 TRANSPORT

Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).								
1 2		commuter pedestrian	A B	someone walking in the street, not travelling in a car, etc someone who travels quite a long way to (and from) work					
3 4		traffic jam public transport	C D	a place at the side of the road where you take your car to buy petrol, etc the time when roads are full of traffic and trains, etc, are full of people because lots of people are travelling to/from work					
5 6		service station rush hour	E F	a long line of cars, etc on a road that can't move, or can move only very slowly the system of buses, trains, etc provided by the government or by companies, which people use to travel					
7		fare ticket	G H	the money you pay to travel by bus, taxi, plane, etc a printed piece of paper that gives you the right to travel on a particular bus, etc or to go into a theatre, cinema, etc					
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		vehicle coach lorry helicopter hydrofoil inflatable (n) yacht ferry cabin platform horn brake (n)	I J K L M N O P	something that is used to transport people/things, eg – a bus, lorry, car a boat that rises above the water when it's moving fast a big boat with sails, and often with an engine, that is used for racing or for pleasure a comfortable bus that is used for travelling long distances a small boat that is filled with air an aircraft without wings that has large blades on top that go round and round a boat that carries people/vehicles/goods across a river or the sea a truck, a large heavy vehicle that carries heavy loads by road a device that you use to stop a vehicle, or to slow it down a 'bedroom' on a ship the raised, flat area next to the track where you get on/get off a train a device in a vehicle that makes a loud noise, used as a warning					
2	I try How	$^\prime$ much is the	uring 	the , when everyone's going to work from London to Manchester? ound their when they're driving past the hospital.					

C Label the forms of transport.





14 WORK

Α	Match the words (1–20) with their meanings (A–T).									
1 2 3		earn resign retire	A B C	stop working permanently, usually because of age receive money for the work that you do give up your job; tell someone officially that you are leaving your job						
4 5 6		salary wage (n) pay (n)	D E F	a fixed amount of money that you get for doing your job, usually paid every month a general term for the money you earn from working money that you earn, usually paid every week						
7 8 9 10		freelance part-time full-time overtime	G H I J	for only some of the working day/week earning money by selling your work/services to different companies time that you spend working at your job after your official working hours for the whole of the working day/week						
11 12 13 14 15		staff employer employee colleague applicant	K L M N	a person/organisation that pays people to work for them someone that you work with someone who gets paid regularly to work for a person/organisation someone who makes a formal application for a job everyone who works for an organisation						
16 17 18 19 20		get the sack/be fired be promoted get a pay rise go on strike be made redundant	P Q R S T	be told that you have to leave your job because you are no longer needed be given a more important job, or a higher position refuse to work (as a protest against your employer, etc) be given an increase in your wage/salary be told that you have to leave your job (usually because of something you've done wrong)						
2	Anita		 _ m	ore than I do, even though he works fewer hours. It's not fair!						
3	roia	iriua is goirig to		when she turns 65. She plans to move to the country and take up						

C Look and complete the sentence.



The people in this picture are